Stanley Park Junior School

Key Stage 2 <u>PE Curriculum Progression Of Skills Ladder</u>

National Curriculum Requirements of PE at KS2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns
- take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Swimming and water safety:

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

Our Intent

At SPJS we aim to inspire all children to enjoy being physically active and develop this enthusiasm outside of school and throughout their lives. Whilst we appreciate that some children have a desire to be competitive in activities, we want everyone to simply have a go and enjoy participating in sport. We aim to increase the activity levels of the whole school through the provision of a supportive environment conducive to the promotion of physical activity. Due to the increasing obesity of children and decreasing levels of physical activity among children, we aim to encourage an extra 30 minutes physical activity per day outside of the curriculum.



	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Dance	 Work towards precision of movement and co-ordination. 	• Demonstrate precision of movement and co-ordination.	 Work towards showing varying movement types e.g. strength, softness, power, flexibility, control, energy, etc. within one performance. 	• Consistently demonstrating with accuracy more varying movement types e.g. strength, softness, power, flexibility, control, energy etc. within one performance.
	• Move in time to the music confidently using varying types of accompaniment.	• Move in time to the music demonstrating an awareness of rhythm and phrasing.	 Move in time to the music demonstrating confidence with rhythm and phrasing. 	• Move in time to the music demonstrating confidence with more complex rhythm and phrasing.
	• Count out the phrases of 8 counts within the music on the regular beat correctly and confidently.	• Count out the phrases of 8 counts within the music on the regular beat, slow beat and quick beat correctly.	• Count out the phrases of 8 counts and 32 count blocks within the music on the regular beat, slow beat and quick beat correctly.	• Count out the phrases of 8 counts and 32 count blocks within the music on the regular beat, slow beat and quick beat confidently.
	• Create movements to express feelings or ideas that are suggested by the music.	• Create movements, movement patterns and elements of stillness to express feelings or ideas that are suggested by the music.	• Create movements, movement patterns and elements of stillness to express feelings or ideas that are suggested by the music using regular beat, slow beat and quick beat.	• Create movements, movement patterns and elements of stillness to express feelings or ideas that are suggested by the music alternating between regular beat, slow beat and quick beat.
	 Copy and repeat some movement skills to include: travelling, turning, jumping, balance, levels and using different planes of movement. 	 Copy, repeat and develop more movements skills to include: travelling, turning, jumping, balance, levels and using different planes of movement. 	• Create and develop new movements to include: travelling, turning, jumping, balance, levels and using different planes of movement within a specific style.	• Create and develop new movements to include: travelling, turning, jumping, balance, levels and using different planes of movement within a specific style including dance styles from different times, places and cultures.
	• Combine skills such as travelling and turning, with some complexity and confidence.	• Combine skills with more complexity, confidence and precision.	 Combine skills to develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance. 	• Combine skills to consistently demonstrate flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.

	• Link 3 or more movements together to form a sequence. Remember the movement order and perform the sequence.	• Link several movements together to form a sequence. Remember the movement order and perform the sequence.	• Create more than one sequence of movements and perform the sequences in a specific order.	• Create more than one sequence of movements and perform the sequences in a variety of different orders.
	• Create movements to communicate a character, story, mood, feeling or idea.	• Create and develop movements to communicate character, story, mood, feeling or idea.	• Create and develop movements to communicate a character, story, mood, feeling or idea in a specific style.	• Create and develop movements to communicate different characters, stories, moods, feelings or ideas in a specific style within one performance.
	• Express an idea in an original way.	• Express ideas in original and imaginative ways.	 Create and express imaginative ideas in a specific style. 	 Create and develop imaginative ideas in a specific style including choosing suitable music.
	 Work co-operatively with a group or partner to create a dance sequence including start and end positions and changing formations. 	 Work with a partner to create dance sequences with good synchronicity. 	 Alternate between working solo, with a partner and as a part of a group with good synchronicity within the same performance. 	• Alternate between working solo, with a partner and as a part of a group with good synchronicity within the same performance.
		• Work co-operatively with a group to create dance sequences with good synchronicity in formations, introducing canons and other group formations where different group members perform different actions at different times.	• Work co-operatively with a group to achieve good synchronicity in formations and when transitioning between formations.	• Work co-operatively with a group to achieve good synchronicity throughout the whole performance.
	• Make some suggestions on how to improve own performance.	• Make suggestions on how to improve own performance using correct dance terminology.	• Make suggestions on how to improve my performance and performances of others in a positive way.	• Make suggestions on how to improve my performance and performances of others, positively and using correct dance terminology.
	• Explain why it is important to warm- up and cool-down.	 Identify some muscle groups used in dance. 	• Explain why keeping fit is good for health and explain what effect exercise has on the body.	• Explain some important safety principles when preparing for Dance.
Athletics	• To understand the different effects exercise has on the body.	• To understand the effects exercise has on the body and how heart rate changes during exercise.	• To move in a variety of ways with control, balance and speed.	• To apply athletic movement in a competitive context, using control, balance and speed.

• To explore different throwing techniques and decide which throwing technique is best suited to a given task.		 To understand the concept of agility and apply it in sporting activities. 	 To understand the concept of agility and apply it in a competitive context.
• To throw for accuracy and distance, using different techniques e.g. bean	• To throw different objects for distance e.g. quiots/vortex/netballs	 To throw for distance using different techniques. 	 To send and receive with speed and precision.
bags	 To throw different objects for accuracy e.g bean bags/ tennis balls 	 To throw for accuracy using different techniques. 	 To throw for distance using the "push" technique.
		 To throw objects using a "pushing" technique. 	 To throw for distance using the "pull" technique.
		 To throw objects using a "slinging" technique. 	• To understand and execute the three different throws (sling, push, pull).
• To experiment with different types of one-footed and two-footed jumps.	• To perform a range of jumps while demonstrating consistent technique.	 To jump vertically and horizontally for distance. 	 To understand and execute the three different jumps (long jump, standing triple jump and vertical jump).
 To explore different ways of jumping for height and distance. 	 To be able to take-off and land a range of jumps with power and control. 	 To combine the four elements of jumping: approach, take-off, flight and landing. 	 To execute different jumps with power and control.
• To be able to take off and land		5	'
jumps with power and control.	 To link three phases of a jump: approach, take-off and landing when 	 To link the three stages of a standing triple jump together (hop, 	 To perform the triple jump with balance and control using the
• To link three phases of a jump:	performing a range of jumps.	step, jump).	correct sequence.
approach, take-off and landing.		 To explore the three different 	 To spring over between
		jumps: long jump, standing triple jump and vertical jump.	obstacles using consistent stride lengths.
 To understand the difference between sprinting and running for sustained periods. 	 To change the speed of running depending on distance. 	 To apply the correct technique for sprint starts. 	 To accelerate quickly from a static start.
		 To select and apply an appropriate running pace for different distances. 	 To sustain jogging and sprinting for given period of time.

			 To explore with running at different speeds over different distances. To pass and receive a baton during a 	 To change running speed depending on task. To sustain running at a constant pace. To run with speed and agility. To pass and receive a baton.
	 To apply athletics techniques in a competition environment. 	 To apply athletics techniques in a competition environment. 	relay race.To apply athletics techniques in a competition environment.	 To apply athletics techniques in a competition environment.
Gymnastics	 (TRAVEL/TRANSITION) To find creative ways in which to move from high to low and from low to high when travelling and to demonstrate quality of movement as an individual and with a partner. To explore Spinning and how this action can be linked by Stepping to create a Short Movement Phase. Work creatively with a partner and as a group using travel, shapes and balance to create a short action phrase. 	 (TRAVEL/TRANSITION) To understand how to move in formation as a group and develop ways to move in a variety of directions and pathways. To introduce the Headstand. To further progress travel by combining leaps with spins and turns to create and develop movement patterns as an individual and also with a partner. 	 (TRAVEL/TRANSITION) To work with a partner to explore and develop a variety of challenges; including transition and travel and also incorporate balance and a piece of apparatus. To develop the Handstand. 	(TRAVEL/TRANSITION) • To work cooperatively with a partner to further develop the quality of a variety of skills and travelling actions through a circuit of activities.
	 (ROLL) To introduce and develop the Side Roll. Explore ways in which to create and perform a short sequence as an individual and to mirror and match a short sequence with a partner. To further develop the Side Roll and develop the roll through a variety of creative activities as an individual, considerately with a partner and in a small group. To link the Side and Teddy Bear Rolls (Combination Roll) whilst demonstrating creative movement as an individual and with a partner. 	 (ROLL) To learn and understand how to perform a variety of exits from a roll including standing and to explore ways to travel towards and away from a rocking and rolling action. To progress the Headstand. To introduce the Forward Roll through a circuit of activity. To develop the variety of Side Rolls and combine these with travel to create a short movement phase. 	 (ROLL) To further develop travelling 'towards' and 'away from' a rolling activity. To learn how to safely roll backward. To progress Handstand - Needle Stand. To continue to develop a knowledge and understanding of rolling, by introducing the Safety Roll. To enjoy working with others to improve performance and technique. To develop the Handstand. 	 (ROLL) To develop a variety of creative rolling actions and activities as an individual, with a partner and also in a small group. To combine rolling with travel to create a short movement phase. To continue to develop a knowledge and understanding of travelling 'towards' and 'away from' a mat or apparatus, to create a short action phase.

 (BALANCE) To introduce and develop balances working cooperatively in a small and large group and create a short sequence which incorporates 'Canon'. To introduce and develop a variety of Partner Balances and create a short sequence. To develop the quality of a variety of Partner Balances and create a short sequence. 	 (BALANCE) To develop Partner Balances and introduce the Weight-On Counter Tension Balance - Kneeling, performed with one partner off the floor incorporating travel to create a short action phase. To develop the Tuck Headstand. Continue to develop the Partner Balance, exploring 'Weight-On' balances and introduce the Flying Angel, which can be linked by travel to create a short action phase. To perform the Headstand within a short action phase. 	 (BALANCE) To learn how to create a Group Balance and perform the balance in a sequence with a group of up to four children. Continue to develop the Handstand - Needle Stand. To learn how to create a Large Group Balance (including the Pyramid) with a group of up to eight children. 	 (BALANCE) To create and improve large Group Balances with up to 8 partners and to connect each balance by travel. To learn how to create large Group Balances with up to half a class, encouraging cooperation, communication and team work, to also introduce a 10 Person Pyramid.
 (JUMP) To understand and develop the Jump with a Half Turn (children may progress to Full Turn) on the floor and off a bench. To perform a run, jump and safe landing from a springboard. To further develop jump as a progressive activity, incorporating Front Support, squatting through and shapes. 	 (JUMP) Work through a variety of activity stations to develop the safe use of a springboard and also jumping onto a bench and safely jumping off the apparatus to stand. To develop the Frog Headstand. To develop simple vaulting through a circuit of activity. To introduce flight by jumping onto a low platform (or vault) and safely jumping off the apparatus to standing. 		
 (SEQUENCE) To work with a partner to create and perform a 5 action sequence on the floor using skills within the unit. To create and perform a selection of Partner Balances and group rolls, which are connected by a variety of travelling actions. To work in pairs to create and perform a sequence on the floor, 	 (SEQUENCE) To create and develop a 9 action sequence on the floor, progressing skills including jump, roll and balance and to link all by travel. To further develop a sequence on the floor, progressing skills and introducing Unison. To perform as an individual and with a partner, understanding the 	 (SEQUENCE) Further develop sequence building on the floor as an individual and with a partner. To explore Unison, Mirroring and Canon movement concepts. An introduction to Cartwheel. Select a variety of Partner Balances and a large Group Balance worked in this unit and connect them through 	 (SEQUENCE) Further develop sequence building on the floor. Select a variety of small Group Balances and a large Group Balances worked in this unit and connect them through travel to create and perform a sequence of balance. To be creative and further

which incorporates skills worked on in Year 3. • To understand and plan how to improve their sequences.	importance of empathy as you work together.	travel to create a sequence of balance.	 develop sequence building on floor incorporating Unison and Canon movement concepts. To perform as an individual and with a partner adopting a growth mindset.
 (SEQUENCE/APPARATUS) Working with a partner to further develop their sequence incorporating a variety of apparatus and balance. Considering how they transition on and off of the apparatus. Working with a partner and small group to progress a short sequence of Partner Balances and group rolls to incorporate a variety of apparatus. To incorporate canon into the sequence. Working with a partner to further develop and perform a short sequence of actions to incorporate transitions onto and off of a variety 	 (SEQUENCE/APPARATUS) Working considerately with a partner to complete a range of actions incorporating a variety of apparatus. Further develop the Headstand. Working considerately with a partner to complete a range of challenges incorporating a variety of apparatus and the wall frame. 	 (SEQUENCE/APPARATUS) Working considerately with a partner to perform a short sequence of actions incorporating a variety of hand apparatus. To develop the Cartwheel. Working considerately as a group to create and perform a sequence of Partner and Group Balances incorporating a variety of apparatus and the wall frame. 	 (SEQUENCE/APPARATUS) Working considerately as a group to create a short action phase of small and large Group Balances to incorporate a variety of apparatus and the wall frame. Working effectively with a partner to create a short sequence of actions incorporating a variety of apparatus and the wall frame.
of apparatus.		 (FLIGHT) An introduction to the Squat Through Vault, developed through a variety of vaulting activities with partners. To perform a Handstand with support. To continue to develop an understanding of safe landing and progress vaulting through a circuit of activities with partners 	 (FLIGHT) To continue to develop an understanding of safe landing and progression of vaulting, through a circuit of activities with partner and in small groups. To continue to develop an understanding of vaulting, by introducing and developing the Straddle Through Vault, which is progressed through a circuit of activities with partners.
		 (ACTIVITY CIRCUIT) To work with a partner to explore and develop new ways to work with a 	

		variety of hand apparatus and combine the activity with other gymnastic movements demonstrating gymnastic quality.	
		 An introduction to the Needle Stand (leading to Handstand). 	
Basketball	• To be able to pivot on one foot to change direction.		
	• To dribble the ball with control.		
	 To dribble the ball with control using both hands. 		
	 To send a ball using both chest and bounce passes. 		
	• To send a ball using a bounce pass in order to beat an opponent.		
	• To aim and shoot a ball at a target with increased control.		
	• To aim and shoot a ball with control.		
	 To be able to perform jump and stride stops. 		
	• To use the chest push in a game situation		
	 To shoot a ball at a target in a competitive situation. 		
	 To employ attacking and defending tactics in a game situation. 		
Cricket	• To be able to throw a ball under-arm and catch a ball safely.	 To bowl a ball over-arm using the correct technique. 	
	 To be able to throw a ball aver-arm and catch a ball thrown over-arm 	 To bowl a ball over-arm at a target, landing the ball in a given area. 	

		using different techniques. • To be able to throw a ball under-arm at a target and catch a ball safely while moving.	 To be able to use different pick up techniques and apply in a game situation. 	
		 To be able to throw a ball over-arm at a target and catch a ball thrown over-arm. 		
		 To strike a stationary ball using the correct technique. To strike a moving ball using the correct technique. 	 To play a variety of different shots. To play a variety of different shots depending on where the ball lands. 	
		 To strike a moving ball into a space in order to maximise scoring opportunities. 		
		• To employ effective fielding tactics to benefit a team.	 To understand the role of the wicket-keeper and use correct feet and hand movements. To use correct feet and hand movements when wicket-keeping in a 	
		• To use the appropriate techniques learnt in a game situation and employ attacking and defending tactics.	game situation. • To use the appropriate techniques learnt in a game situation and employ attacking and defending tactics.	
Football	 To pass, dribble and shoot with control in game situations. To be able to identify and use tactics to help your team keep the ball. 			
	 To be able to effectively use the attacking principles of play to score 			

	'goals'.			
	 To apply attacking and defending principles of play within a game situation. 			
	 To put into practice defending principles of play. 			
	 To work effectively in small teams and to put into practice attacking principles of play. 			
	 To understand the tactics of the transition between defence to attack. 			
	 To understand the tactics of the transition between attack to defence. 			
	 To apply the tactics required for attacking and defending a target (goal) as a team. 			
Hockey		 To be able to dribble the ball under control. To be able to dribble the ball on the move under control at speed. 	 To pass, dribble and shoot with control and accuracy in a game situation. To identify and use tactics to help 	
			maintain possession of the ball.	
		• To pass and receive using the push	• To page and receive whilet on the	
		pass.	 To pass and receive whilst on the move, and under pressure from a 	
		 To pass and receive using the push pass whilst finding space. 	defender.	
		To performed meaning while the the	• To understand the individual	
		 To pass and receive whilst on the move and under pressure from a defender. 	tackling techniques including the block tackle and jab tackle.	
			• To understand how to support	
		• To develop the technique of	others when defending.	

		 dribbling and introduce dragging. To develop the technique of the push and slap pass. To use a hit shot in a shooting situation. To understand when to pass and when to dribble in a game situation. To work well as part of a team. To experiment with attacking and defending tactics in a game situation. To demonstrate an understanding of simple tactics to keep possession and apply these during matches. 	 To develop passing and receiving skills and use team tactics for keeping possession. To apply attacking and defending tactics during a game situation. To outwit an opponent when attacking to retain possession of the ball. To attack from a defensive position. To select and apply the correct tackling techniques when outwitting your opponent in a defensive situation. To select and apply the best formations and tactics when defending as a team. To play effectively as part of a team. To understand what position to play 	
			• To understand what position to play in.	
Netball	 To perform a chest pass and a shoulder pass. To apply catching skills whilst moving into space. 			 To pass and receive a range of different passes on the move. To perform the correct shooting technique.
	• To move into space and stop when			• To choose and use the correct

catching a pass (in preparation for footwork rule).	passing technique and to be able to shoot with the correct technique.
 To develop a range of passing skills and catch a pass on the move. 	
• To explore ways to get away from an opponent in order to find space.	• To understand the boundaries for individual players and get the ball to the shooters without it being intercepted by the defence.
• To mark an opponent to stop them from receiving a pass in space.	• To develop ideas and techniques to mark opponents and close down space as a small group.
 To close down a space in a team by using the defensive strategy of man marking. 	• To man mark effectively to help close down space and intercept a pass.
 To work as a team to employ basic attacking and defending tactics. 	
 To develop movement skills such as stopping with the ball, pivoting, jumping and landing (to progress 	 To perform the footwork and pivoting techniques when receiving a ball at speed.
onto footwork rule).	• To apply the footwork rule in a game situation.
 To develop skills such as sprinting, reaction time and quick feet to get into space quickly to receive a ball. 	• To work effectively as an attacking unit to time movement and passing in order to outwit an opponent.
• To develop ideas and techniques to get away from an opponent and find a space in a small area.	
To work effectively and organise	• To work effectively and organise themselves as a team to play

	themselves as a team to play 4 v 4 games with an understanding of basic netball rules.	games with an understanding of basic netball rules.
Rounders	• To be able to throw a ball under-arm and catch a ball safely.	• To be able to throw and catch using a range of techniques.
	 To be able to throw a ball over-arm and catch a ball thrown over-arm. 	 To bowl a ball accurately at a target.
	• To be able to throw a ball under-arm and catch a ball safely when under pressure.	• To be able to throw accurately at a target, and catch using a range of techniques.
	 To be able to throw a ball over-arm at a target and catch a ball thrown over-arm. 	 To bowl a ball accurately in a game situation.
	• To organise fielders in order to stop batters from scoring runs.	 To use the long barrier technique to stop the ball when fielding.
		• To experiment with fielding tactics to minimise the batting team's score.
		• To understand the roll of a backstop. To use backstops tactically in games.
	• To strike a ball in a given direction.	 To strike a bowled ball consistently and with force.
	• To strike the ball into space in order to score runs.	 To strike a bowled ball with force in a given direction.
	 To strike a moving ball consistently and with force. To strike a moving ball into space in 	 To experiment with batting tactics to maximise the batting team's score.
	order to score runs.	 To use batting, bowling and

	• To work as a team to stop batters from scoring runs.		fielding skills in a match.
Tag Rugby		 To demonstrate an accurate catching technique when static. To demonstrate a successful catching technique when moving. 	 To demonstrate successful and consistent catching technique when static, moving and under pressure. To demonstrate an accurate catching technique when static, moving and put under pressure.
		• To demonstrate an accurate pass when static and when moving.	 To demonstrate an accurate pass when put under pressure by a defender. To demonstrate an accurate lateral passing technique when put under pressure by a defender.
		 To evade a defender when attacking and tag a player when defending. To beat a defender by either moving with or passing a ball into open space. To beat a defender consistently by both moving with and/or passing a ball into open space. 	 To demonstrate a variety of evasive skills to beat a defender by man-marking and tagging players. To demonstrate the ability to side-step and beat a defender. To beat a defender consistently by moving the ball into open space. To demonstrate a variety of techniques to be able to break through a defence by both moving with and passing the ball.

	 To retain the ball when attacking. To retain the ball in a match scenario. 	 To retain the ball when put under pressure in a match scenario. To retain the ball as a team and create try scoring opportunities.
	 To demonstrate at least two of the four core skills of tag rugby in a game scenario. To demonstrate at least three of the four core skills of tag rugby in a team game scenario. 	• To demonstrate all four core skills of tag rugby when put under pressure in a match scenario.
Tennis		 To strike a ball with a racket using the swing action. To hit the ball using a forehand groundstroke technique and demonstrate it in a rally with a partner. To hit the ball using background groundstroke technique and demonstrate it in a rally with a partner. To use forehand and backhand groundstrokes to maintain a rally. To develop tactics to keep rallies going and to win points. To strike a ball in a given direction using a forehand technique. To strike a ball in a given

		direction using a backhand technique.
		 To use forehand and backhand groundstrokes within a rally.
		 To hit an under-arm serve to begin a rally.
		 To be able to maintain a rally using forehand and backhand groundstrokes.
		 To be able to strike the ball into a specified area (direction and depth).
		 To strike the ball using an over- arm serving technique.
		 To devise and employ attacking and defending tactics in a team.
		 To use attacking and defending tactics using tennis rackets.
		 To apply tactics in a competitive situation.
		 To be able to maintain a rally using forehand and backhand groundstrokes.
		 To use the volley as part of an attacking strategy.
		 To strike the ball using an over- arm serving technique in a specified direction.
		 To use the over-arm serve as part of an attacking strategy

			when starting point.
			 To use attacking and defending tactics to win points.
			 To apply tactics in a competitive situation.
Multiskills	• To strike/hit a ball to score points.		
	 To strike/hit a ball using a variety of equipment or hands to a targeted area. 		
	 To throw in different directions over different distances. 		
	• To throw and catch whilst moving.		
	 To catch an object consistently, individually and with a partner. 		
	 To kick a ball with accuracy to a targeted area. 		
	 To kick a ball with a partner and then versus a partner, using simple tactics. 		
	 To roll a ball towards a target with accuracy. 		
	• To apply tactics to various 2x2 games while keeping score and adapting to rule change.		
ΟΑΑ	• To understand the physical skills needed for orienteering: agility, balance, co-ordination whilst holding or looking at the map	 Understand that the directions north, south, east, west and north- east, south-east, south-west and north-west do not change, regardless of which way a person is 	
	• Understand how the directions forwards, backwards, up, down, left	facing	

and right can change depending on which way a person is facing	 Using basic diagrams/maps [e.g. count the cones], orientate and set the map, maintaining this whilst 	
 Discuss that the directions north, 	travelling a route involving more	
south, east and west do not change,	than 4 points	
regardless of which way a person is		
facing	 Using more complex diagrams/maps 	
,	[e.g. netball court maps], orientate	
• Follow & give verbal & written	and set the map, maintaining this	
commands to move north, south,	whilst travelling a route involving	
east and west	more than 4 points Using basic	
	diagrams/maps, draw their own	
 Listen to other pupils and 	routes for others to follow	
communicate with other pupils to		
complete a task	 Using the whole school orienteering 	
complete a task	map, orientate and set the map using	
• Use a basic diagram/map to navigate	known features, to travel to and	
to a single point in reality	from control points allocated by a	
to a single point in reality	teacher or coach	
• Use a basic diagram/map to navigate		
to up to 4 different points in reality	Make tactical decisions to travel the	
to up to 4 attretent points in reality	orienteering course in the quickest	
• Use a basic diagram/map to navigate	and most efficient manner, ensuring	
to up to 4 different points, avoiding	the rules are followed for the event	
obstacles	merules are followed for the event	
003102165	 Work individually, in pairs and in 	
 Using the whole school orienteering 	larger teams, planning and co-	
map, orientate and set the map using	operating effectively and allocating	
known features, to travel to and	roles	
from control points allocated by a		
teacher or coach	 Work individually, in pairs and in 	
	larger teams to review and evaluate	
• Explain the benefits of OAA and	performance, on-the-go, and adapt	
orienteering-style activities	quickly to improve including changing	
onemeeting-style activities	roles	
• To review and evaluate performance	10163	
in order to improve	• Explain the benefits of OAA and	
in order to improve	orienteering-style activities	
	onenteering-style activities	
	 Know their most local orienteering 	
	club & how to pursue orienteering	
	outside of school	

Swimming		vork towards swimming a distance t least 25 metres	• To swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres	 Further Top-up sessions where required
	• To b strol	egin to explore a range of kes.	 To be able to demonstrate a range of strokes effectively. 	
		earn to keep themselves safe in er with self-rescue.	 To perform self-rescue techniques with confidence. 	

AT SPJS we use the Merton and Sutton Scheme of Work.